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| Authors | Year | Title | Design | Aim | Quality level |
| Abdulcadir, J.  Rodriguez, M. I.  Say, L. | 2015 | A systematic review of the evidence on clitoral reconstruction after female genital mutilation/cutting | Systematic review | To review evidence on the safety and efficacy of clitoral reconstruction. | Level 5, high quality |
| Abdulcadir, J.  Rodriguez, M. I.  Say, L. | 2015 | Research gaps in the care of women with female genital mutilation: an analysis | Literature review | To review the existing evidence on obstetric  outcomes, surgical interventions (defibulation and clitoral  reconstruction), and skills and training of health care professionals  involved in the prevention and management of FGM | Level 5, high quality |
| Albert, Juliet  Bailey, Elizabeth  Duaso, Maria | 2015 | Does the timing of deinfibulation for women with type 3 female genital mutilation affect labour outcomes? | Retrospective observational study | To determine whether timing of deinfibulation influences obstetric outcomes for women with type 3 female genital mutilation (FGM) | Level 3, good quality |
| Berg, R. C.  Taraldsen, S.  Said, M. A.  Sorbye, I. K.  Vangen, S. | 2017 | Reasons for and Experiences With Surgical Interventions for Female Genital Mutilation/Cutting (FGM/C): A Systematic Review | Systematic review | To conduct a systematic review of empirical quantitative and qualitative research on interventions for women with FGM/C-related complications | Level 5, high quality |
| Berg, R. C.  Taraldsen, S.  Said, M. A.  Sorbye, I. K.  Vangen, S. | 2017 | The effectiveness of surgical interventions for women with FGM/C: a systematic review | Systematic review | To conduct a systematic review of empirical quantitative research on the outcomes of interventions for women with FGM/C-related complications | Level 3, high quality |
| Berggren, V.  Bergstrom, S.  Edberg, A. K. | 2006 | Being different and vulnerable: experiences of immigrant African women who have been circumcised and sought maternity care in Sweden | Qualitative (semi-structured interviews) | To explore the encounters with the health care system in Sweden of women from Somalia, Eritrea, and Sudan who have been genitally cut | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Dawson, A.  Turkmani, S.  Fray, S.  Nanayakkara, S.  Varol, N.  Homer, C. | 2015 | Evidence to inform education, training and supportive work environments for midwives involved in the care of women with female genital mutilation: a review of global experience | Integrative review | To identify how midwives in low and middle income countries (LMIC) and high income countries (HIC) care for women with female genital mutilation (FGM), their perceived challenges and what professional development and workplace strategies might better support midwives to provide appropriate quality care | Level 3, high quality |
| Dawson, A. J.  Turkmani, S.  Varol, N.  Nanayakkara, S.  Sullivan, E.  Homer, C. S. | 2015 | Midwives' experiences of caring for women with female genital mutilation: Insights and ways forward for practice in Australia | Qualitative (FGDs) | To provide insight into midwives' views of, and experiences working with, women affected by FGM | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Dugast, S.  Winer, N.  Wylomanski, S. | 2017 | Sexological care of circumcised women: Experience in Nantes, France Preliminary study | Quantitative (questionnaire before and after care) | To describe sexological support for women who have suffered sexual mutilation, with multidisciplinary care as practiced in Nantes hospital, and investigate whether there was any specific feature to the sexological contribution via multidisciplinary care of female genital mutilation. | Level 3, good quality |
| Esu, E.  Udo, A.  Okusanya, B. O.  Agamse, D.  Meremikwu, M. M. | 2017 | Antepartum or intrapartum deinfibulation for childbirth in women with type III female genital mutilation: A systematic review and meta-analysis | Systematic review | To conduct a systematic review of the effects of antepartum or intrapartum deinfibulation on childbirth outcomes in women with type III FGM | Level 3, good quality |
| Evans, C.  Tweheyo, R.  McGarry, J.  Eldridge, J.  Albert, J.  Nkoyo, V.  Higginbottom, G. | 2019 | Seeking culturally safe care: a qualitative systematic review of the healthcare experiences of women and girls who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting | Systematic review/qualitative synthesis | To explore the experiences of accessing and receiving healthcare related to female genital mutilation/cutting (FGM/C) across the life course from the perspective of women and girls who have undergone FGM/C | Level 5, high quality |
| Foldès, P.  Cuzin, B.  Andro, A. | 2012 | Reconstructive surgery after female genital mutilation: a prospective cohort study | Quantitative (Prospective cohort study) | To assess the immediate and long-term outcomes of reconstructive surgery | Level 3, good quality |
| Johansen, R. E. | 2006 | Care for infibulated women giving birth in Norway: an anthropological analysis of health workers' management of a medically and culturally unfamiliar issue | Qualitative (in-depth and case interviews, participant observation) | To focus on the perceptions and experiences of health workers | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Johnson-Agbakwu, C.  Warren, N. | 2017 | Interventions to Address Sexual Function in Women Affected by Female Genital Cutting: a Scoping Review | Scoping review | To describe interventions to address sexual dysfunction in FGC-affected women | Level 5, high quality |
| Jordal, M.  Levin, L.  Påfs, J.  Griffin, G  Wahlberg, A. | 2020 | Swedish Gynecologists’ Positioning in Relation to Clitoral Reconstruction After Female Genital Cutting. A Qualitative Interview Study | Qualitative (semi-structured interviews) | The aim of this study was to explore how gynecologists position themselves in relation to CR. | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Jordal, M.  Wahlberg, A. | 2018 | Challenges in providing quality care for women with female genital cutting in Sweden - A literature review | Literature review | To identify challenges involved in providing quality care for circumcised women in Sweden | Level 3, high quality |
| Krause, E.  Brandner, S.  Mueller, M. D.  Kuhn, A. | 2011 | Out of Eastern Africa: defibulation and sexual function in woman with female genital mutilation | Quantitative (questionnaires before and after care) | To determine sexual function before and after defibulation using a CO(2) laser in migrant women who had undergone FGM in the past | Level 3, good quality |
| Madzou, S. Corroenne, R.  Reau-Giusti, C.  Herve, S.  Ouedrago, C.  Verhaeghe, C.  Gillard, P.  Bellaiche, K.  Combaud, V.  Descamps, P.  Zhu, K.  Legendre, G. | 2021 | Effects of clitoral reconstruction for female genital mutilation on perinatal outcomes: A retrospective case-control study | Quantitative (case control study) | To investigate the perinatal outcomes of women with a history of [female genital mutilation](https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/medicine-and-dentistry/female-genital-mutilation) (FGM) who underwent clitoral reconstruction (CR) compared with women with FGM who did not undergo CR. | Level 3/good quality |
| Mañero, I.  Labanca, T. |  | Clitoral Reconstruction Using a Vaginal Graft After Female Genital Mutilation | Quantitative | To describe the  surgical technique for clitorolabial reconstruction and to  evaluate women’s sexual function and the aesthetic  appearance of their genitals before and after surgery. |  |
| Mestre-Bach, G.  Tolosa-Sola, I.  Rodríguez, I.  Barri-Soldevila, P.  Lasheras, G  Farré, Josep, M | 2018 | Changes in Sexual Distress, Depression and Sexual Function after Clitoral Reconstruction in Women with Female Genital Mutilation/Cutting | Quantitative (questionnaires before and after care) | To assess changes in depression symptomatology, sexual function, and distress following clitoral reconstructive surgery combined with a psychoeducational intervention. | Level 3, good quality |
| Moxey, J. M.  Jones, L. L. | 2016 | A qualitative study exploring how Somali women exposed to female genital mutilation experience and perceive antenatal and intrapartum care in England | Qualitative (semi-structured interviews) | To explore how Somali women exposed to female genital mutilation experience and perceive antenatal and intrapartum care in England | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Nour, N. M.  Michels, K. B.  Bryant, A. E. | 2006 | Defibulation to treat female genital cutting: effect on symptoms and sexual function | Quantitative (telephone survey) | To assess the effect of defibulation on symptoms and sexual function. | Level 3, good quality |
| Ogunsiji, O. | 2016 | Australian midwives' perspectives on managing obstetric care of women living with female genital circumcision/mutilation | Qualitative (in-depth interviews) | To report Australian midwives’ stories about  how they manage obstetric care of women living with FGM | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Okusanya, B. O.  Oduwole, O.  Nwachuku, N.  Meremikwu, M. M. | 2017 | Deinfibulation for preventing or treating complications in women living with type III female genital mutilation: A systematic review and meta-analysis | Systematic review and meta-analysis | To assess the impact of deinfibulation on gynecologic or obstetric outcomes by comparing women who were deinfibulated with women with type III FGM or women without FGM | Level 3, good quality |
| Paliwal, P.  Ali, S.  Bradshaw, S.  Hughes, A.  Jolly, K. | 2014 | Management of type III female genital mutilation in Birmingham, UK: a retrospective audit | Quantitative (retrospective case analysis using patient records) | To audit clinical management of women with type III female genital mutilation (FGM) according to local guidelines, and to describe the population that uses the service and compare obstetric outcomes of intrapartum deinfibulation and antenatal deinfibulation | Level 3, good quality |
| Paterson, L. Q. P.  Davis, S. N.  Binik, Y. M. | 2012 | Female genital mutilation/cutting and orgasm before and after surgical repair | Literature review | To evaluate the literature on the orgasmic functioning of women with FGM/C whose clitorises have and have not been excised and; the effect of surgical repair on orgasm | Level 3, low quality |
| Rodriguez, M.I.  Seuc, A.  Say, L.  Hindin, M. J. | 2016 | Episiotomy and obstetric outcomes among women living with type 3 female genital mutilation: a secondary analysis | Quantitative (prospective study) | To investigate the association between type of episiotomy and obstetric outcomes among 6,187 women with type 3 Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) | Level 3, good quality |
| Safari, F. | 2013 | A qualitative study of women's lived experience after deinfibulation in the UK | Qualitative design (semi-structured interviews) | To explore women's experiences of deinfibulation and its aftermath | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Scamell, M.  Ghumman, A. | 2019 | The experience of maternity care for migrant women living with female genital mutilation: A qualitative synthesis | Literature review (qualitative synthesis) | To explore how migrant women with a history of FGM experience maternity care in their host countries | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Smith, H.  Stein, K. | 2017 | Surgical or medical interventions for female genital mutilation | Literature review (qualitative synthesis) | To provide information on the factors that facilitate or act as barriers to use of deinfibulation, and the context and conditions that are necessary for implementing the procedure, including healthcare providers' knowledge and experience, the service delivery environment, as well as broader health system contexts | Level 3, low quality |
| Taraldsen, S.  Vangen, S.  Øian, P.  Sørbye, I. K. | 2021 | Female genital mutilation/cutting, timing of deinfibulation, and risk of cesarean section | Quantitative | The aims of this study were, first, to examine the association between female genital mutilation/cutting and the risk of cesarean section in Norway, and, second, whether the timing of deinfibulation affected the cesarean section risk. | Level 3, high quality |
| Thabet, S. M.  Thabet, A. S. | 2003 | Defective sexuality and female circumcision: the cause and the possible management | Quantitative (questionnaire) | To declare the effect of female circumcision on sexuality and to study the effect of clitorolabioplasty  in those cases having defective sexuality after that procedure | Level 2, low quality |
| Thierfelder, C.  Tanner, M.  Bodiang, C. M. K. | 2005 | Female genital mutilation in the context of migration: experience of African women with the Swiss health care system | Qualitative design (telephone interviews and FGDs) | To analyse how immigrant  women with FGM experience gynaecological/obstetrical care in  the Swiss health care system, and to investigate if physicians and  midwives treat and counsel FGM related complications  adequately | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Vangen, S.  Johansen, R. E.  Sundby, J.  Traeen, B.  Stray-Pedersen, B. | 2004 | Qualitative study of perinatal care experiences among Somali women and local health care professionals in Norway | Qualitative design (in-depth interviews) | To explore how perinatal care practice may influence labor outcomes among circumcised women | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Vital, M.  de Visme, S.  Hanf, M.  Philippe, H. J.  Winer, N.  Wylomanski, S. | 2016 | Using the Female Sexual Function Index (FSFI) to evaluate sexual function in women with genital mutilation undergoing surgical reconstruction: a pilot prospective study | Quantitative (questionnaire before and after care) | To assess the impact of reconstructive surgery on sexual function in women with female genital mutilation/cutting (FGM/C) before and after clitoral reconstructive surgery. | Level 3, good quality |
| Widmark, C.  Leval, A.  Tishelman, C.  Ahlberg, B. M. | 2010 | Obstetric care at the intersection of science and culture: Swedish doctors' perspectives on obstetric care of women who have undergone female genital cutting | Qualitative design (semi-structured interviews) | To explore how Swedish doctors caring for these women describe, explain and reason about their care and relevant policies in a Swedish context | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Widmark, C.  Tishelman, C.  Ahlberg, B. M. | 2002 | A study of Swedish midwives' encounters with infibulated African women in Sweden | Mixed methods (open-ended questionnaires, interviews and FGDs) | To investigate Swedish midwives' perceptions and attitudes towards infibulation and infibulated women, midwives' experiences of providing care for them and the training the midwives describe having received to enable them to care for and deliver infibulated women | Level 3, high/good quality |
| Wuest, S.  Raio, L.  Wyssmueller, D.  Mueller, M. D.  Stadlmayr, W.  Surbek, D. V.  Kuhn, A. | 2009 | Effects of female genital mutilation on birth outcomes in Switzerland | Quantitative (retrospective case control study) | To determine the desires and wishes of pregnant patients vis-a-vis their external genital anatomy after female genital mutilation (FGM) in the context of antenatal care and delivery in a teaching hospital setting in Switzerland | Level 3, good quality |